Contactor Wiring

Rev G
What is a Contactor?

- Contactors are relays designed for high-current applications.
- A relay includes:
  - A coil (solenoid), when energized, that creates a magnetic field
  - A switch that is closed by the magnetic field generated by the coil.

- Diodes should always be installed externally to reduce voltage spikes.
Battery Contactor

Battery contactor (aka master relay, master contactor, master solenoid) is a “Continuous Duty” relay meaning it can be turned on indefinitely. This relay will become warm during normal operations. This contactor draws just under 1A at 14v.

Wire to VP-100/200 Control Unit J5 Pin 5 or to Master Switch. When this post is grounded the contactor is closed.

If you wire this side to the battery the contactor will not work.
Types of Battery Contactors

Single Post

From batt

Ground this post to engage

2

3

1

Two Post

From batt

Ground this post to engage

2

3

4

1

Connect posts 3 and 4 with short 18 ga wire. It is then electrically same as single-post contactor

1

3 BAT +
Diodes on Battery Contactor

Why? Minimizing arcing across switch contacts. See o-scope pictures:

With diode

Without diode

VP-100/200: to J5 pin 5
VP-X, VP-50: to master switch

Note direction of diode

18 ga jumper wire

One Post

Two Post

Use diodes on all contactors:
- Master
- Starter
- Hydraulic pump
- Air conditioning

Diode: Use SB560-E3/51 from Digi-key. Included with wiring harness kit.
Starter Contactor

This is a common type of contactor, sold by Van’s Aircraft and others.

Some contactors do not have a post here.

“S” Terminal
Positive power from Control Unit or starter button activates coil (closes contactor).

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Positive power from Control Unit or starter button activates coil (closes contactor).

“l” Terminal
Bus voltage is on this post when the contactor is closed.

Starter contactor (aka starter relay) is an “Intermittent Duty” relay meaning it is designed to be turned on only for short periods of time. This contactor draws about 4A at 14v.
Starter Contactor

This contactor is sold by B&C Specialty Products.

Starter contactor (aka starter relay) is an “Intermittent Duty” relay meaning it is designed to be turned on only for short periods of time. This contactor draws about 4A at 14v.

Image from B&C Specialty Products web site.

Starter contactor (aka starter relay) is an “Intermittent Duty” relay meaning it is designed to be turned on only for short periods of time. This contactor draws about 4A at 14v.
Diode on Starter Contactor

Use ring terminal to fasten to mounting bolt (ground)

“S” Terminal

Not required on VP-200, but can be installed if desired. Required on VP-50, VP-X and traditional wiring.
Cross-Tie Contactor

For VP-200/400 Config 4 only
(dual independent bus architecture)

Cross-tie contactor (aka x-tie contactor, bus-tie contactor) is a “Continuous Duty” relay meaning it can be turned on indefinitely. This relay is normally used in a dual bus configuration to tie both busses together in the case of an alternator failure. This relay will become warm during normal operations.

From Bus A Batt Contactor

From Bus B Batt Contactor

Wire J3 Pin 6 on Control Units, or Cross-tie switch to this post. Ground to activate coil (close contactor).
Diodes on X-Tie Contactor
For VP-200/400 Config 4 only
(dual independent bus architecture)

Note direction of diodes to J5 pin 6 (CU1 & 2)

X-tie ctc
(Config 4 only)

Note direction of diodes
Contactor Wiring Overview

Battery

To main bus (or VP-X)

Battery Contactor

Starter Contactor

Starter